2.4. Conclusion

Water quality assessment is carried out by the criterion of exceeding the MPC (maximum permissible concentration). For each river section (Figure 2), for each time interval, the water flow, the total volume of the pollutant, the concentration of pollutants were calculated. The amount of pollution in each of the sections depends on the difference between the flow of contaminants to the site (from the upper section or sources of pollution in this area) and the transport of contaminants to the next downstream section. Figure 8 shows the results of the simulation of water discharge for plot No. 48. As can be seen from the figure, the average annual water discharge in the river is 566 cubic meters per second (m^3 / s) [5,6]. According to the Institute of Geography, the average annual water discharge in the river was 520 cubic meters per second. Thus, the deviation was ~ 8%. The result of pollutant comparison is shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2: The Arrangement of Channels.

Name of pollutant	MPC mg/l	Obtained max value mg/l	Obtained min value mg/l	Avg. Calculated value mg/l	Avg. Data from observation station mg/l
BOD	3	0,45	0,30	0,37	0,405833
DO	6	13	9	10	9,6
NO3	9,1	1,2	0,6	0,82	1,069167
NH4	0,39	0,06	0,03	0,032	0,03825

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